



Bridge Builder Tax Managed Small/Mid Cap Fund

Summary Prospectus

Ticker: BBTSX

May 11, 2022

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at:

www.bridgebuildermutualfunds.com

You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-855-823-3611 or by e-mail at bridgebuilder@edwardjones.com. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, each dated May 11, 2022, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

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Bridge Builder Tax Managed Small/Mid Cap Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of Bridge Builder Tax Managed Small/Mid Cap Fund (the “Fund” or the “Small/Mid Cap Fund”) is to seek to provide a tax-efficient investment return consisting of capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as annual program or administrative fees for participating in Edward Jones Advisory Solutions® (“Advisory Solutions”), which are not reflected in the table and examples below.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	
Management Fees ⁽¹⁾	0.64%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Other Expenses ⁽²⁾	0.11%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	0.75%
Less Waivers ⁽¹⁾	<u>(0.21)%</u>
Net Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>0.54%</u>

(1) Olive Street Investment Advisers, LLC (the “Adviser”) has contractually agreed, until at least October 28, 2023, to waive its management fees to the extent management fees to be paid to the Adviser exceed the management fees the Fund is required to pay the Fund’s sub-advisers. This contractual agreement may not be terminated by the Adviser without the consent of the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of Bridge Builder Trust (the “Trust”), except that the Adviser may terminate the agreement upon written notice to the Trust, effective as of the end of the expense limitation period ended October 28, 2023, if written notice is provided to the Trust by or before April 15, 2023. Such waivers are not subject to reimbursement by the Fund.

In addition, the Adviser has contractually agreed, until at least October 28, 2023, to waive its fees and/or reimburse Fund expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, portfolio transaction expenses, interest expense in connection with investment activities, taxes and extraordinary or non-routine expenses) to the extent necessary to limit Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses to 0.73% of the Fund’s average daily net assets. Any fee reductions or expense payments made by the Adviser (other than management fees waived as described in footnote 1) are subject to reimbursement by the Fund, if requested by the Adviser, in the thirty six (36) month period following such fee waiver and/or expense payment, if the aggregate amount actually paid by the Fund toward operating expenses, as accrued each month (taking into account any reimbursements) does not exceed the Fund’s expense cap accrued for such month (i) at the time of the fee waiver and/or expense payment and (ii) at the time of the reimbursement. This contractual agreement may be terminated by the Board, at any time, upon sixty (60) days’ prior written notice to the Adviser. This contractual agreement may not be terminated by the Adviser without the consent of the Board, except that the Adviser may terminate the agreement upon written notice to the Trust, effective as of the end of the expense limitation period ended October 28, 2023, if written notice is provided to the Trust by or before April 15, 2023.

(2) Other expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same (taking into account the Adviser’s agreement to waive fees until October 28, 2023). Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year	3 Years
\$55	\$219

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. Because the Fund has not commenced operations as of the date of this prospectus, it does not have portfolio turnover information to report.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund invests, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its net assets (plus the amount of borrowings for investment purposes) in the securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies and other instruments, such as certain investment companies (see below), with economic characteristics that seek to track the performance of securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies. The Fund defines small- and mid-capitalization companies as companies whose market capitalizations at the time of purchase typically fall within the range of the Russell Midcap[®] Index and the Russell 2000[®] Index (as of July 1, 2021, companies with capitalizations less than approximately \$46.4 billion). The market capitalization of the companies included in the Russell Midcap[®] Index and the Russell 2000[®] Index will change with market conditions. While the Fund primarily invests in equity securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies, it may also invest in securities of large capitalization companies. The Fund may invest in securities issued by U.S. and foreign entities. The Fund may also invest in American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”) or Global Depositary Receipts (“GDRs”). The Fund does not intend to hedge the currency exposure that may be created by its investments in securities denominated in foreign currencies, although a Sub-adviser (defined below) may consider currency risks as part of its investment process.

The Fund may also invest in other investment companies, including other open-end or closed-end investment companies and exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) that have characteristics that are consistent with the Fund’s investment objective. The Fund may also invest a portion of its assets in securities of real estate investment trusts (“REITs”), which are companies that own and/or manage real estate properties. From time to time, the Fund may also focus its investments in a particular sector, such as the information technology sector.

The Fund’s portfolio is constructed by combining the investment styles and strategies of multiple sub-advisers that will be retained by the Adviser. The Fund implements the investment recommendations of the Fund’s sub-advisers through the use of Parametric Portfolio Associates LLC (“Parametric” and, together with the Fund’s other sub-advisers, the “Sub-advisers”) as overlay manager appointed by the Adviser. In addition to acting as overlay manager, Parametric also serves as the direct indexing manager for the Fund. In this role, Parametric manages one or more allocated portions of the Fund pursuant to a strategy that is designed to provide similar exposure to certain designated indices, as described in additional detail below.

Each Sub-adviser (other than Parametric in its role as overlay manager) manages its portion of the Fund’s portfolio by providing a model portfolio to Parametric on an ongoing basis that represents that Sub-adviser’s recommendation as to the securities to be purchased, sold or retained by the Fund. Parametric, as the overlay manager, then constructs a portfolio for the Fund that represents the aggregation of the model portfolios of the Sub-advisers, including with respect to each direct indexing portion of the Fund, with the weighting of each Sub-adviser’s model in the total portfolio determined by the Adviser.

Each Sub-adviser may use its own proprietary and external research and securities selection processes in constructing its model portfolio. Pursuant to direction from the Adviser, Parametric has limited authority to vary from the models, primarily for the purpose of efficient tax management of the Fund’s securities transactions. Parametric seeks to manage the impact of taxes by, among other things, selling stocks with the lowest tax cost first, opportunistically harvesting losses and deferring recognition of taxable gains, where possible. The Adviser may also direct Parametric to adjust the portfolio to implement the Adviser’s forward-looking views regarding various portfolio characteristics or factors, or for risk management purposes. Parametric may also vary the portfolio implementation to seek trading cost efficiencies, portfolio rebalancing or other portfolio construction objectives as directed by the Adviser.

In connection with the construction of the Fund’s portfolio, the Adviser may allocate Fund assets for each investment strategy to the following Sub-advisers: AllianceBernstein L.P. (“AllianceBernstein”), Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P. (“GSAM”), J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc. (“J.P. Morgan”), Neuberger Berman Investment Advisers LLC (“Neuberger Berman”), Parametric and Allspring Global Investments, LLC (“Allspring”). The Adviser may adjust the weighting of Fund assets allocated to each Sub-adviser’s model at any time or make recommendations to the Board with respect to the hiring, termination, or replacement of a Sub-adviser.

Below is a summary of each Sub-adviser’s principal investment strategies.

AllianceBernstein’s Principal Investment Strategies

AllianceBernstein recommends investments primarily in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of small- to mid-capitalization U.S. companies. Under normal circumstances, AllianceBernstein expects to recommend that at least 80% of its allocated portion of the Fund’s net assets be invested in securities of small- to mid-capitalization companies.

AllianceBernstein considers small- to mid-capitalization companies to be companies that, at the time of investment, fall within the capitalization range between the smallest company in the Russell 2500® Value Index and the greater of \$5 billion or the market capitalization of the largest company in the Russell 2500® Value Index. As of December 31, 2021, the market capitalizations of the companies in the Russell 2500® Value Index ranged from \$1.46 million to \$29.82 billion.

In constructing its model portfolio, AllianceBernstein generally looks for companies that are determined by AllianceBernstein to be undervalued, using AllianceBernstein's fundamental value approach. In making recommendations for its allocated portion of the Fund's assets, AllianceBernstein uses its fundamental and quantitative research to identify companies whose long-term earnings power is not reflected in the current market price of their securities.

GSAM's Principal Investment Strategies

GSAM seeks long-term growth of capital and expects to recommend, under normal circumstances, that at least 80% of its net allocated assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes (measured at the time of purchase) be invested in a diversified portfolio of equity investments in small and mid-cap companies. GSAM aims to outperform the Russell 2500® Growth Index over a full market cycle. Through a fundamental process, GSAM's investment team evaluates potential investments based on specific characteristics believed to indicate a high-quality business with sustainable growth, including strong business franchises, favorable long-term prospects, and excellent management. The investment team also considers valuation of companies when determining whether to recommend the purchase or sale of securities. Although GSAM recommends investments primarily in publicly traded U.S. securities, it may also recommend investments in foreign securities.

J.P. Morgan's Principal Investment Strategies

J.P. Morgan employs a fundamental bottom-up investment process that combines research, valuation and stock selection to identify companies that have a history of above-average growth or which J.P. Morgan believes will achieve above-average growth in the future. Under normal circumstances, J.P. Morgan expects to recommend the investment of at least 80% of its allocated portion of the Fund's net assets in equity securities of mid-cap companies. J.P. Morgan defines mid-cap companies as companies with market capitalizations similar to those within the universe of the Russell Midcap® Growth Index at the time of purchase. As of December 31, 2021, the market capitalizations of the companies in the Russell Midcap® Growth Index ranged from \$0.44 billion to \$58.7 billion. In constructing its model portfolio for the Fund, J.P. Morgan seeks growth companies with leading competitive positions that can achieve sustainable growth. J.P. Morgan may recommend that a security be sold due to a change in the company's fundamentals or if J.P. Morgan believes the security is no longer attractively valued. J.P. Morgan may also recommend that a security be sold if J.P. Morgan identifies a stock that it believes offers a better investment opportunity.

Neuberger Berman's Principal Investment Strategies

Neuberger Berman recommends investments that are comprised mainly of common stocks of small-mid capitalization companies, which Neuberger Berman defines as those with a total market capitalization within the market capitalization range of companies in the Russell 2500® Index at the time of initial purchase. The market capitalization of the companies in Neuberger Berman's model portfolio and the Russell 2500® Index changes over time and Neuberger Berman may continue to recommend that a position in a company continue to be held or added to after its market capitalization has moved outside the range of the Russell 2500® Index. As of December 31, 2021, the market capitalizations of the companies in the Russell 2500® Index ranged from \$32 million to \$38.9 billion.

Neuberger Berman seeks to reduce risk by diversifying among many companies and industries. At times, Neuberger Berman's portfolio managers may emphasize certain sectors that they believe will benefit from market or economic trends. Although Neuberger Berman expects to recommend investments primarily in domestic stocks, it may also recommend investments in stocks of foreign companies. Neuberger Berman's portfolio managers generally look for what they believe to be high-quality companies whose current market shares and balance sheets are strong. In addition, Neuberger Berman's portfolio managers tend to focus on companies whose financial strength is largely based on existing business lines rather than on projected growth. Factors in identifying these firms may include: a history of above-average returns; an established market niche; circumstances that would make it difficult for new competitors to enter the market; the ability to finance their own growth; and a belief that the company has sound future business prospects. This approach is designed to seek to benefit from potential increases in stock prices, while endeavoring to limit the risks typically associated with small-mid capitalization stocks. Neuberger Berman's portfolio managers follow a disciplined selling strategy and may recommend the sale of a stock when it reaches a target price, if a company's business fails to perform as expected, or when other opportunities appear more attractive.

Parametric's Principal Investment Strategies

In addition to acting as overlay manager, Parametric also serves as the direct indexing manager for the Fund. This strategy is designed to provide the Fund with similar exposure to the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Index, Russell Midcap[®] Value Index, Russell 2000[®] Growth Index and Russell 2000[®] Value Index while maximizing after-tax returns through a variety of tax management techniques. The strategy seeks to exceed its benchmark on an after-tax basis. The criterion for the selection of investments is inclusion within the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Index, Russell Midcap[®] Value Index, Russell 2000[®] Growth Index or Russell 2000[®] Value Index.

Allspring's Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal circumstances, Allspring expects to recommend that at least 80% of its allocated portion of the Fund's net assets be invested in equity securities of medium-capitalization companies. Allspring looks for undervalued companies that Allspring believes have the potential for above average capital appreciation with below average risk. Rigorous fundamental research drives Allspring's search for companies with favorable reward-to-risk ratios and that possess, a long-term competitive advantage provided by a durable asset base, strong balance sheets, and sustainable and superior cash flows. Typical recommendations by Allspring include stocks of companies that are generally out of favor in the marketplace, or are undergoing reorganization or other corporate action that may create above-average price appreciation. Allspring regularly reviews the investments of the model portfolio and may recommend the sale of a portfolio holding when a stock nears its price target, downside risks increase considerably, the company's fundamentals have deteriorated, or Allspring identifies a more attractive investment opportunity.

Principal Risks

Since the Fund holds securities with fluctuating market prices, the value of the Fund's shares varies as its portfolio securities increase or decrease in value. Therefore, the value of your investment in the Fund could go down as well as up. You may lose money by investing in the Fund. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The principal risks affecting the Fund that can cause a decline in value are set forth below. The risks are ordered in alphabetical order after the first six risks, although the order of the risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- **Market Risk.** The overall market may perform poorly or the returns from the securities in which the Fund invests may underperform returns from the general securities markets, a particular securities market, or other types of investments. A variety of factors can influence underperformance and can have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments, including regulatory events, inflation, interest rates, government defaults, government shutdowns, war, regional conflicts, acts of terrorism, social unrest, and recessions. In addition, the impact of any epidemic, pandemic, natural disaster, spread of infectious illness or other public health issue, or widespread fear that such events may occur, could negatively affect the global economy, as well as the economies of individual countries, the financial performance of individual companies and sectors, and the markets in general in significant and unforeseen ways. Any such impact could adversely affect the prices and liquidity of the securities and other instruments in which the Fund invests, which in turn could negatively impact the Fund's performance and cause losses on your investment in the Fund.
- **Equity Risk.** The value of equity securities will rise and fall over short or extended periods of time in response to the activities of the company that issued them, general market conditions, and/or economic conditions.
- **Active Management Risk.** A significant portion of the Fund is actively managed with discretion and may underperform market indices, including relevant benchmark indices, or other mutual funds with similar investment objectives. In addition, to the extent that a Sub-adviser's investment strategy uses a quantitative investment model to evaluate and recommend investment decisions for the Fund, the Fund can perform differently from the market as a whole based on the factors used in the model, the weight placed on each factor and changes from the factors' historical trends.
- **Smaller Company Risk.** Investments in smaller capitalization companies (including mid-capitalization and small-capitalization companies) may have greater risks, as these companies may have less operating history, narrower product or customer markets, and fewer managerial and financial resources than more established companies. Smaller capitalization stocks may be more volatile and have less liquidity.

- **Taxation Risk.** The Fund is managed to seek to minimize tax consequences to shareholders, but there is no guarantee that the Fund will be able to operate without incurring taxable income and gains to shareholders. The Fund will engage in tax management techniques such as tax loss harvesting, whereby securities are sold in order to generate capital losses to offset current and future capital gains. However, there are certain risks inherent with tax loss harvesting, including the possibility that such activity does not improve the Fund's after-tax returns. During certain market conditions, such as lower volatility periods and periods of strong economic growth, the Fund's ability to generate capital losses to offset capital gains may be limited, which would limit the Fund's ability to implement its tax loss harvesting strategy. In addition, because loss harvesting continuously decreases the cost-basis of the Fund's portfolio, there is a risk that opportunities to realize losses may decrease over time. Tax loss harvesting may also increase the Fund's portfolio turnover rates. In addition, the "wash sales" rule will limit the Fund's ability to currently recognize a loss from the tax loss harvesting strategy when selling and purchasing substantially identical assets within a 61-day window (*i.e.*, a period beginning 30 days before the date of such purchase or the sale and ending 30 days after such date). In such a case, the basis of the newly purchased securities will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss.
- **Overlay Manager Risk.** The Fund implements the investment recommendations of its Sub-advisers through the use of an overlay manager appointed by the Adviser. Pursuant to direction from the Adviser, the overlay manager has limited authority to vary from the models. The Fund is subject to the risk that the performance of a portion of the Fund allocated to a particular Sub-adviser may deviate from the performance of that Sub-adviser's model portfolio or the performance of other proprietary or client accounts over which that Sub-adviser retains trading authority. The overlay manager's variation from the Sub-adviser's model portfolio may contribute to performance deviations, including under performance.
- **American Depositary Receipts or Global Depositary Receipts Risk.** ADRs and GDRs have the same currency and economic risks as the underlying non-U.S. securities they represent. They are affected by the risks associated with non-U.S. securities, such as changes in political or economic conditions of other countries and changes in the exchange rates of foreign currencies.
- **Counterparty Risk.** When the Fund enters into an investment contract, the Fund is exposed to the risk that the other party may be unable or unwilling to fulfill its obligations, which could adversely impact the value of the Fund.
- **Currency Risk.** Certain securities in which the Fund invests may be denominated or quoted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. For this reason, changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of the Fund's portfolio. Generally, when the U.S. dollar rises in value against a foreign currency, a security denominated in that currency loses value because the currency is worth fewer U.S. dollars. Conversely, when the U.S. dollar decreases in value against a foreign currency, a security denominated in that currency gains value because the currency is worth more U.S. dollars. This risk, generally known as "currency risk," means that a stronger U.S. dollar will reduce returns on foreign currency dominated securities for U.S. investors while a weak U.S. dollar will increase those returns.

The Fund does not seek to hedge its currency risk. Accordingly, the Fund may experience losses (or gains) that would not have been experienced had the risk been hedged, due to declines (or increases) in the value of foreign currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar. In addition, although a Sub-adviser may consider currency risks as part of its investment process, its judgments in this regard may not always be correct.

- **Direct Indexing Risk.** Because the portion of the Fund allocated to Parametric is managed so that its total return closely corresponds with that of the Russell Midcap[®] Growth Index, Russell Midcap[®] Value Index, Russell 2000[®] Growth Index and Russell 2000[®] Value Index, the Fund faces a risk of poor performance if any such index declines generally or performs poorly relative to other U.S. equity indexes or individual stocks, the stocks of companies which comprise any such index fall out of favor with investors, or an adverse company specific event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, negatively affects the stock price of one of the larger companies in any such index.
- **Foreign Securities Risk.** The risks of investing in foreign securities can increase the potential for losses in the Fund and may include currency risk, political and economic instability, additional or fewer government regulations, less publicly available information, limited trading markets, differences in financial reporting standards, fewer protections for passive investors, and less stringent regulation of securities markets. In addition,

periodic U.S. Government prohibitions on investments in issuers from certain foreign countries may require the Fund to sell such investments at inopportune times, which could result in losses to the Fund.

- **Growth Style Risk.** The Fund is managed partially in a growth investment style. Growth stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks and may underperform other types of investments or investment styles, as different market styles tend to shift in and out of favor depending upon market conditions and other factors. Growth stocks are stocks of companies expected to increase revenues and earnings at a faster rate than their peers.
- **Investment Company and Exchange Traded Fund Risk.** An investment company, including an ETF, in which the Fund invests may not achieve its investment objective or execute its investment strategies effectively. Large purchase or redemption activity by shareholders of such an investment company might negatively affect the value of the investment company's shares. The Fund must also pay its pro rata portion of an investment company's fees and expenses.
- **Investment Strategy Risk.** There is no assurance the Fund's investment objective will be achieved. Investment decisions may not produce the expected results. The value of the Fund may decline, and the Fund may underperform other funds with similar objectives and strategies.
- **Issuer-Specific Risk.** The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole.
- **Larger Company Risk.** Larger capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in technology. They may also not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.
- **Liquidity Risk.** Low trading volume, a lack of a market maker, or contractual or legal restrictions may limit the Fund's ability to value securities, or prevent the Fund from selling securities at desirable times or prices.
- **Multi-Manager and Multi-Style Management Risk.** The Fund allocates its assets to multiple Sub-advisers believed to have complementary styles. These investment styles, at times, may not be complementary and could result in more exposure to certain types of securities. In addition, a Sub-adviser may implement its model portfolio for its other accounts prior to submitting its model to the overlay manager appointed by the Adviser for the Fund, or after submitting its model portfolio to the overlay manager but before the overlay manager has had an opportunity to place some or all of the trades necessary for the Fund to implement the model portfolio. In these circumstances, trades placed by the overlay manager pursuant to a model portfolio may be subject to price movements that result in the Fund receiving prices that are different from the prices obtained by the Sub-adviser for its other accounts, including less favorable prices.
- **Real Estate Investment Trusts Risk.** REITs may be affected by changes in the value of the underlying properties owned by the REITs and by the quality of tenants' credit.
- **Redemption Risk.** The Fund may experience losses when selling securities to meet redemption requests. This risk is greater for larger redemption requests or redemption requests during adverse market conditions.
- **Regulatory and Judicial Risk.** The regulation of security transactions in the United States is a rapidly changing area of law. Securities markets are subject to legislative, regulatory, and judicial actions which could have a substantial adverse effect on the Fund's performance.
- **Sector Focus Risk.** Because the Fund may invest a significant portion of its assets in a particular sector of the market, the Fund may be especially sensitive to factors and economic risks that specifically affect that sector. As a result, the Fund's share price may fluctuate more widely than the share price of a fund that is more diversified across numerous sectors.
 - **Information Technology Sector Risk.** From time to time, the Fund may focus its investments in the information technology sector. Information technology companies face intense competition, both domestically and internationally, which may have an adverse effect on profit margins, and may be subject to extensive regulatory requirements causing considerable expense and delay. In addition, information technology companies are heavily dependent on patent and intellectual property rights. The loss or impairment of these rights may adversely affect the profitability of these companies.

- **Value Style Risk.** Value stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks and may underperform other types of investments or investment styles, as different market styles tend to shift in and out of favor depending upon market conditions and other factors. Value stocks are believed to be undervalued relative to their projected underlying profitability.

Performance

The Fund is new, and therefore has no performance history. Once the Fund has completed a full calendar year of operations, a bar chart and table will be included that will provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the variability of the Fund's returns and comparing the Fund's performance to a broad measure of market performance. See the Fund's website www.bridgebuildermutualfunds.com/literature for updated performance information. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Fund Management

Olive Street Investment Advisers, LLC is the investment adviser for the Fund.

Sub-advisers and Portfolio Managers

The Adviser may allocate Fund assets for each investment strategy to the following Sub-advisers, which allocations may be adjusted at any time:

AllianceBernstein

Portfolio Managers	Position with AllianceBernstein	Length of Service to the Fund
<i>James MacGregor, CFA</i>	Chief Investment Officer for US Small and Mid-Cap Value Equities	Since Inception
<i>Erik Turenchalk, CFA</i>	Portfolio Manager for US Small and Mid-Cap Value Equities	Since Inception

GSAM

Portfolio Managers	Position with GSAM	Length of Service to the Fund
<i>Greg Tuorto</i>	Managing Director, Head of US Small/SMID Cap Growth Strategies, Co-Lead Portfolio Manager	Since Inception
<i>Jessica Katz</i>	Vice President, Co-Lead Portfolio Manager	Since Inception
<i>Steven M. Barry</i>	Managing Director, Global Head and Chief Investment Officer of Fundamental Equity, Co-Chief Investment Officer of the US Equity Team, Co-Lead Portfolio Manager	Since Inception

J.P. Morgan

Portfolio Managers	Position with J.P. Morgan	Length of Service to the Fund
<i>Timothy Parton, CFA</i>	Managing Director	Since Inception
<i>Felise L. Agranoff, CFA</i>	Managing Director	Since Inception

Neuberger Berman

Portfolio Managers	Position with Neuberger Berman	Length of Service to the Fund
<i>Robert W. D'Alelio</i>	Managing Director	Since Inception
<i>Brett S. Reiner</i>	Managing Director	Since Inception
<i>Gregory G. Spiegel</i>	Managing Director	Since Inception
<i>Judith M. Vale, CFA</i>	Managing Director	Since Inception

Parametric

Portfolio Managers	Position with Parametric	Length of Service to the Fund
<i>Thomas Seto</i>	Head of Investment Management	Since Inception
<i>Paul Bouchey, CFA</i>	Global Head of Research	Since Inception
<i>James Reber</i>	Managing Director, Portfolio Management	Since Inception
<i>Jennifer Sireklove, CFA</i>	Managing Director, Investment Strategy	Since Inception

Allspring

Portfolio Managers	Position with Allspring	Length of Service to the Fund
<i>James M. Tringas, CFA</i>	Managing Director and Senior Portfolio Manager	Since Inception
<i>Bryant VanCronkhite, CFA, CPA</i>	Managing Director and Senior Portfolio Manager	Since Inception
<i>Shane Zweck, CFA</i>	Co-Portfolio Manager	Since Inception

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Fund shares are currently available exclusively to investors participating in Advisory Solutions, an investment advisory program or asset-based fee program sponsored by Edward D. Jones & Co., L.P. (“Edward Jones”), as well as current and former Trustees of the Trust. Advisory Solutions investors may purchase and sell or redeem Fund shares only from Edward Jones through Advisory Solutions. Current and former Trustees of the Trust may purchase and sell or redeem shares directly. There are no initial or subsequent minimum purchase amounts for the Fund. You may purchase or redeem shares of the Fund on any day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open.

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that will be taxed as qualified dividend income, ordinary income or capital gains. Distributions on investments made through tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.